

INTRODUCING STEM EDUCATION IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS: KOGEKA'S STORY

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- Group of six secondary schools
- In Geel and Kasterlee, Flanders, Belgium
- Intense co-operation pedagogical freedom
- 4400 pupils 700 personnel
- Pupils aged 12-18 (19)





Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics

□ Action Plan STEM 2012-2020 (Flemish Government 2012)

□ Report 'Choosing For STEM' (Flemish Council for Science And Innovation 2012)

□ Final Report SECURE Project (FP7, Thomas More University College 2013)





- A number of youngsters loose interest in / motivation for STEM subjects, specially between the age of 10 and 14
- Result 1: declining numbers of pupils in STEM fields of study in secondary education
 e.g. KOGEKA Mechanics – Electricity: in 1999 664 pupils – in 2013 372 pupils = 56%
- Result 2: too small numbers of engineers and scientists graduating at universities and colleges
- Result 3: shortage of engineers and scientists on the labour market





- 1. Connecting separated STEM initiatives into an integrated action plan for the six KOGEKA schools
- 2. Anchoring STEM projects structurally into curricula and lesson plans



• For pupils aged 10-12



Supply of technology lessons for primary schools (since 2011)

- Technics
 - Building construction: measuring corners
 - Electricity: building an alarm system
 - Wood: building a coat rack
 - Leverages and pulleys



- ICT (Information & Communication Technology)
 - 3 lessons
 - Frame of reference: ICT Diamond
 - Content defined in collaboration with primary school







- GIS (Geographical Information Systems)
 - Project on road safety in 3 steps:
 - Pupils draw digital school route maps
 - Pupils discuss road safety based on their school route maps
 - Pupils present road safety problems & proposals for solutions to the city council



- For pupils aged 12-14
 - STEM projects in the curriculum (from 2014 onwards)
- For pupils aged 14-16
 - Project `STEM@school' (KULeuven University 2014-2018)
 - Developing and introducing integrated STEM education to Flemish secondary schools





- Research project:
 - Scientists & engineers
 - Pedagogues
 - Policy makers
- 20 Flemish pilot schools KOGEKA = one of them
- Testing and validating STEM didactics
- Implementing these didactics in new curricula and teacher training

• For pupils aged 16-18

Co-operation with universities and scientific institutions

- Youngster's Lab (Vito 2012-2013)
 - Pupils have a one week internship in a scientific research institute
 - They follow a researcher (PhD) in his/her activities



- They exchange experiences daily
- They provide feedback to their class mates / teacher
- They make a permanent external communication:
 - a scientific poster about the research they followed
 - a YouTube movie explaining the poster

- Innovation Lab (KULeuven 2013-2014)

Engineering project at school (1 day)





Topic 1: developing an eye-controlled interface for driving a wheelchair

Topic 2: green energy Testing energy turn-over and storage



ANCHORING STEM PROJECTS

- So far:
 - Inquiry-based scientific and technical projects as oneshots (1/2 day, 1 day, 1 week)
 - Research and engineering assignments in curricula in limited amounts (e.g. 1 / week, 1 / month, 1 / semester)
 - Strong focus on theoretical knowledge rather than researching and engineering competences
- From 2014-2015 onwards:
 - More focus on inquiry-based scientific and technical education in curricula and lessons
 - Introduced gradually for pupils aged 12 onwards (year 1A)





- STEM as a new field of study in year 1A
- For 12 year old pupils who
 - Reach a high level of abstractness
 - Can handle a high tempo of learning
 - Have an explicit interest in sciences and technology
- 3-4 hours / week STEM as a subject



Distinctive part of the schedule

Latin	STEM	Modern Sciences	Industrial Sciences/STEM
5 h Latin (incl. social skills)	4 h STEM projects	1 h French	3 h STEM projects
	1 h social skills	1 h English	1 h mathematics
		1 h Dutch	1 h social skills
		1 h mathematics	
		1 h social skills	

Full programme: 32 h / week





- Constructed according to the principles of inquiry-based learning
- Aim: to stimulate the problem-solving ability of the pupils







PROJECTS

- Try outs in 2013-2014 in a choice group of pupils outside the 32 h lessons schedule
 - 90 volunteers = 22% of year 1A!
- Developed by a working group of 30 people
 - Science, maths & technics teachers of all 6 schools
 - Headmasters
 - External STEM specialists:
 - university
 - teacher training institute
 - pedagogical coaching service







Vision on integrated STEM education: 10 criteria

- 1. Project work: packages of 6-10 lessons STEM projects deal with realistic, present-day problems
- 2. Each project is to some extend a mix of science, technology, maths and IT
- 3. Focus on inquiry-based learning Therefore: the process is more important than the product
- 4. Understanding is more valuable than knowledge Therefore: the use of knowledge is more important than the knowledge itself We train to become scientists and engineers, not quiz players
- 5. Scientific method / technical process is our guide line





- 6. We stimulate problem-solving thinking Therefore: engineering is more important than technics
- 7. Evaluation must be adapted to inquiry-based learning Therefore: process evaluation is more important than product evaluation
- 8. Topics / contexts / projects differ from those in other curricula (natural sciences, scientific work, technics) Therefore: we check curricula and year plans
- 9. We take the social aspects into account Team work, presentations, group discussions, peer evaluations
- 10.STEM projects are examples of constructivism



CURRICULUM

- Working group is writing a STEM curriculum
 - Curriculum objectives
 - 20 objectives in accordance with our 10 STEM criteria
 - Pedagogical-didactical guidelines
 Constructivistic method
 - Material requirements
 - Instruments, classroom
 - Evaluation

How do you evaluate (progress in) inquiry-based learning and problem-solving thinking?

• Participation in







PROJECTS

- 1st series of 7 STEM projects developed
 - 1. Light
 - 2. Robotics
 - Lego Mindstorms
 - 3. Solar oven
 - 4. Windmill
 - 5. Weather station
 - 6. Pineapple boat sustainable transport
 - 7. Glider





PROJECTS

SCIENCE | TECHNOLOGY | ENGINEERING | MATHEMATICS

- 2nd series of STEM projects under construction
 - 1. Sound
 - 2. Water power Hydro-electric energy
 - 3. Maths in nature
 - 4. Grab the challenge Leverages and pulleys
 - 5. Micro macro Microscopy
 - 6. Scratch
 - Computer programming
 - 7. The energy-efficient house







FUTURE

- 2014-2015
 - 1 September 2014: D-Day STEM in 1A (age 12-13)
 - Research assignment KHLim university college
 - Measure the effect of STEM on
 - » The inquiry-based learning ability of the pupils
 - » The problem-solving capacity of the pupils
 - Zero measurement in September 2014
 - » In 1A STEM
 - » In other class groups (control)
 - New measurement in June 2015
 - Repetition of the measurements in 2015-2016
 - Developing STEM projects for 2A (age 13-14)
 - Participation in learning community KHLim





FUTURE

- 2015-2016
 - STEM in 2A (2-4 h / week)
 - More projects
 - Fascinating subjects
- 2016-2018
 - STEM in curricula for pupils aged 14-16
 - Developed, tested & prepared by STEM@school (KULeuven)
- 2018-2020
 - STEM in curricula for pupils aged 16-18







- We'll need improvement of professional skills on inquiry-based learning
- A.o. attention for assessment
- Participation in Community Of Practice



Strategies for Assessment of Inquiry Learning in Science







• The future's so bright, I gotta to wear shades!

(Pat MacDonald, Timbuk3)



• Thank you very much for your attention

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